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4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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7 ZOLIA SLACK,

8 Plaintiff,

9 v.

10 ) 2:08-CV-01425-PMP-RJJ

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14 )  
15 ) O R D E R

PRIMERICA LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY, a Massachusetts Corporation;

PRIMERICA FINANCIAL SERVICES,

INC., a Nevada Corporation; CITIGROUP

INC., a Delaware Corporation; DOE

Defendants 1 through 10, inclusive; and

ROE Corporations 1 through 10, inclusive,

Defendants.

Defendants Primerica Life Insurance Company, Primerica Financial Services, Inc. (“Primerica Financial”), and Citigroup Inc. filed a Notice of Removal (Doc. #1) on October 20, 2008. Defendants removed the action to this Court on the basis of diversity jurisdiction and assert that Plaintiff Zolia Slack fraudulently joined Primerica Financial to destroy this Court’s diversity jurisdiction.

The Court is obligated to address subject matter jurisdiction *sua sponte*.

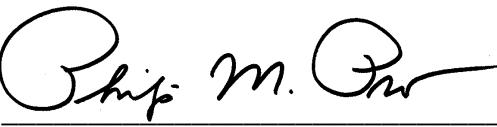
Williams v. United Airlines, Inc., 500 F.3d 1019, 1021 (9th Cir. 2007). The Court has diversity jurisdiction in civil actions that take place between citizens of different states and involve a matter in controversy in excess of \$75,000. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a). “Diversity jurisdiction requires complete diversity between the parties—each defendant must be a citizen of a different state from each plaintiff.” In re Digimarc Corp. Derivative Litig., 549

1 F.3d 1223, 1234 (9th Cir. 2008). The Court must remand an action if the Court finds it  
 2 lacks subject matter jurisdiction. 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c); Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(3).

3 Here, the Amended Complaint alleges both Plaintiff and Primerica Financial are  
 4 Nevada residents. Because complete diversity does not exist on the face of the Amended  
 5 Complaint, this Court's subject matter jurisdiction depends on a finding of fraudulent  
 6 joinder. When a "plaintiff fails to state a cause of action against a resident defendant, and  
 7 the failure is obvious according to the settled rules of the state, the joinder of the resident  
 8 defendant is fraudulent and removal is proper." Gardner v. UICI, 508 F.3d 559, 561 (9th  
 9 Cir. 2007) (quotations omitted). The party seeking removal bears the burden of establishing  
 10 removal jurisdiction. California ex rel. Lockyer v. Dynegy, Inc., 375 F.3d 831, 838,  
 11 amended by 387 F.3d 966 (9th Cir. 2004); see also McCabe v. Gen. Foods Corp., 811 F.2d  
 12 1336, 1339 (9th Cir. 1987) ("The defendant seeking removal to the federal court is entitled  
 13 to present the facts showing the joinder to be fraudulent."). Because proper subject matter  
 14 jurisdiction is necessary for the Court to hear this case, the Court orders the parties to brief  
 15 the alleged fraudulent joinder of Primerica Financial and the Court's diversity jurisdiction.

16 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that both parties shall file cross briefs on  
 17 whether this Court has proper subject matter jurisdiction in light of Plaintiff's alleged  
 18 fraudulent joinder of Primerica Financial by March 3, 2009. The parties shall file cross  
 19 responses no later than March 13, 2009. The parties shall not file replies.

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 21 DATED: February 9, 2009.

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24 PHILIP M. PRO  
 25 United States District Judge  
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